Product Environmental Aspects Declaration

Flat-bed / Sheet-fed scanner (PCR-ID: CA-02)



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* Image Scanners Contact: http://imagescanner.fujitsu.com/

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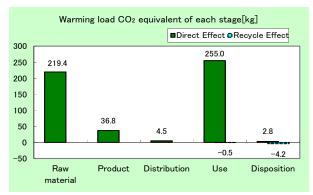
Imaging Service & Support center E-mail: scanners@pfu.fujitsu.com



	/
Product Name	fi-7800
Product Category	Sheet-fed scanner (Without Flat-bed) For Business
Scanning Speed (A4)	Simplex or Duplex, 90ppm (180ipm)
Scanning Size	297mm × 420mm, 12in. × 17in.
Optical Resolution	600 X 600 dpi (dots per inch)
Scanning Method	Color Contact Image Sensor X2 (Front/Back) Image Sensor: CCD

Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals
Global Warming (CO2 equivalent)	518kg (514kg)
Acidification (SO2 equivalent)	0.785kg (0.777kg)
Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	10,326MJ (10,243MJ)

%Figures in () indicated environmental impact including recycle effect *note3



The burdens have been calculated with 5 scans per day, a monthly use of 20 days, and 5 years of use, for the number of scans of $6{,}000$ times ($14{,}400{,}000$ pages) overall.

Notes:

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.jemai.or.jp/ecoleaf_e/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. The electricity consumption during power off is entered into the calculation, presuming that the products remain plugged even if not in use.

[Supplemental environmental information]

- · Certified regulations: International ENERGY STAR® Program
- · This product are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.
- · Conformance with RoHS Directive (2011/65/EU).

PCR review was conducted by : PCR Deliberation Committee, September 30, 2016, Name of representative: Ryoko Sugiyama, University of Tokoha, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025:2006 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Hiromi Horikawa *

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

^{*}In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)

Document control no.	F-02Bs-02
Product vendor	PFU Limited
EcoLeaf registration no.	CA-19-035

	http://www.jemai.or.jp
Unit Function DB version	v2.1
Characterization Factor DB version	v2.1

PCR name	Fladbed / Sheet-fed	Product type	fi-7800				
PCR code	CA-02	Product weight (kg)	31.48	Package (kg)	6.25	Weight total (kg)	37.73

				Life Cycle Stage		Produ	ıction				Recycle
In/O	ut iten	ns			Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Effect
)ti	MJ	3.75E+03	7.60E+02	6.34E+01	5.74E+03	1.57E+01	-8.24E+01
		E	nergy (Consumption	Mcal	8.95E+02	1.82E+02	1.52E+01	1.37E+03	3.75E+00	-1.97E+01
			ces	Coal	kg	2.70E+01	4.72E+00	1.48E-04	3.29E+01	1.14E-02	-6.00E-02
			nose	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	3.91E+01	5.33E+00	1.38E+00	3.69E+01	3.21E-01	-1.29E+00
			D E	LNG	kg	7.80E+00	2.36E+00	2.14E-02	1.66E+01	1.05E-02	-5.54E-02
			Ene	Uranium content of an ore	kg	8.23E-04	3.19E-04	1.00E-08	2.16E-03	7.69E-07	-4.08E-06
	Consumption			Crude oil (for material)	kg	1.02E+01	0	0	1.13E+00	0	-3.98E-01
	pti	တ္သ		Iron content of an ore	kg	1.50E+01	0	0	3.84E-01	0	0
	ΙĘ	ည		Cu content of an ore	kg	1.56E+00	0	0	0	0	0
	ารเ	no		Al content of an ore	kg	1.02E+00	0	0	0	0	0
	Į	es	S	Ni content of an ore	kg	4.21E-01	0	0	1.44E-01	0	0
		e _	ĕ	C content of an ore	kg	5.74E-01	0	0	1.95E-01	0	0
	5	ig	ņ	Mn content of an ore	kg	1.24E-01	0	0	2.53E-02	0	0
	301	ust	resources	Pb content of an ore	kg	6.18E-02	0	0	0	0	0
	Resource	Exhaustible resources	<u>_</u>	Sn content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
		茁	Mineral	Zn content of an ore	kg	6.08E-01	0	0	0	0	0
	b	ш .	₽	Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Impact		2	Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
anaiyses	ď			Silica Sand	kg	1.24E+00	0	0	2.93E-03	0	0
iŞs	드			Halite	kg	8.80E+00	0	0	1.65E-05	1.61E-04	8.04E-04
na				Limestone	kg	3.01E+00	0	0	7.73E-02	1.65E-02	0
a				Natural soda ash	kg	1.03E-01	0	0	0	0	0
9				Wood	kg	1.13E+01	0	0	1.65E+00	0	-6.70E+00
nventory			- Control	Water	kg	2.06E+04	3.57E+03	1.11E-01	2.46E+04	9.68E+00	-2.75E+02
l ≥	ant			CO2	kg	2.15E+02	3.66E+01	4.47E+00	2.54E+02	2.75E+00	-4.56E+00
=	Ĕ		ø	Sox	kg	1.70E-01	2.80E-02	5.49E-03	1.97E-01	2.12E-03	-1.09E-03
	5		je.	Nox	kg	2.71E-01	2.22E-02	6.86E-02	1.67E-01	1.69E-02	-9.24E-03
	Ξ		g	N2O	kg	1.77E-02	4.00E-04	8.06E-05	3.34E-03	1.99E-05	-3.81E-04
	0		ĕ	CH4	kg	2.18E-03	8.53E-04	2.68E-08	5.77E-03	2.06E-06	-1.10E-05
	Ě		ŧ	CO	kg	3.23E-02	5.42E-03	2.74E-02	4.09E-02	6.10E-03	-2.30E-04
	1 5		o Atmosphere	NMVOC	kg	4.27E-03	1.67E-03	5.27E-08	1.13E-02	4.03E-06	-2.14E-05
	rge		_	СхНу	kg	8.29E-03	8.72E-05	1.38E-03	9.91E-04	3.08E-04	-1.77E-04
	ha			Dust	kg	2.81E-02	1.20E-03	5.49E-03	9.78E-03	1.31E-03	-3.62E-04
)isc	system	nain	BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Emission/Discharge to the environment	sys	to Water domain	COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	sio	Water	ie ie	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	nis	N _a	×	P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Ē	ᅌ		SS	kg	4.505.00	- 0	-	4.005.04	- 0.045.04	2.505.04
	by		systen	Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	1.50E+00		0	4.03E-01	2.01E-01	3.59E+01
	act		ii sy	Slag	kg	5.50E+00 1.43E+00	0	0	2.13E-01	0	0
	Impact		Soil	Sludge	kg	5.76E-04	2.23E-04	7.03E-09	1.51E-03	5.37E-07	-2.84E-06
+			¥	Low level radio-active waste	kg	7.25E+01	1.38E+01	1.41E+00	9.57E+01	3.47E-01	-2.04E-06 -1.43E+00
assessment	by Res		-	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent) Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	6.76E+02	1.38E+01	1.41E+00 0	9.57E+01 1.15E+02	3.47E-01	-1.43E+00 -2.19E-01
SSIT			9		kg	2.19E+02	3.68E+01	4.49E+00	2.55E+02	2.75E+00	-4.66E+00
ses	n icm a		pher	Global Warming (CO2 equivalent) Acidification (SO2 equivalent)	kg kg	3.60E-01	4.35E-02	5.35E-02	3.14E-01	1.40E-02	-4.66E+00 -7.56E-03
as	and share		Atmospt	Ozone Depletion (CFC-11 equivalent)	kg kg	3.00E-01	4.33E-02	5.55E-02	3.14E-U1	1.400-02	-7.50E-03
act	Se i Disc		o At	Photochemical Oxidant	kg kg	1.66E-02	1.23E-03	2.81E-03	9.18E-03	6.62E-04	-2.26E-04
Impact	y Drain of		-	Eutrophication (Phosphate equivalent)	kg ka	1.00E-02	1.23E-03	2.01E-03	9.10E-03	0.02E-04	-Z.ZUE-U4
	. 2			ommon rules	ĸy	-	-		-		-

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

I. Stage related

- A "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below
- (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} (2) \begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll}$
- B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.
- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts). D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production)
- E. 'Recycle Effect' illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse
- Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts. Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

II Inventory analyses

- A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
- B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel. C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO in case of "Global Warming")

A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.

B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system

- A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.
- B. Indicate "0" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

 C. Indicate " " if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

(BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

[Notes for readers: Target product specific]

1. Regarding the "Raw material" production, the environmental burden of resource mining, transportation and raw material production for the main unit, accessories and basic unit.

2. In "Product" production, for parts processing, the environmental burden is calculated using the EcoLeaf basic unit and production site data.
For Parts/material C assembled at other than the main unit assembly site, the burden is calculated using the EcoLeaf basic unit (Assembly).
3. The 'Distribution' stage basic conditions and basic unit are in accordance with the provisions of PCR.
The burdens are calculated with 500km for the total domestic transportation distance.
4. The 'Use' stage basic conditions and basic unit are in accordance with the provisions of PCR.
The burdens of electricity consumption, consumables production and transportation are calculated with the total scanning number of 14,400,000 sheets in the customer use period of 5 years.
For the part recovery rate, it is difficult to obtain the value from an actual history in our company.
The recycling burden is calculated by handling all the consumables that the customer uses as industrial waste.
For the manual and packaging box for consumables. The recycling burden is calculated by setting up the Open Recycling Scenario.

5. At the 'Disposition,'Recycle' stage, in accordance with the provisions of PCR, the recycling burden is calculated by shandling all the ronducts that the customer uses as industrial waste.
For manuals, backaging box for consumables, the recycling burden is calculated by shandling all the products that the customer uses as industrial waste.
For manuals, backaging box for consumables, the recycling burden is calculated by shandling all the products that the customer uses as industrial waste.
For manuals, backaging box poses and cushioning materials, the recycling burden is calculated by shandling all the products that the customer uses as industrial waste.
For manuals, backaging box for consumables, the rec

Product data sheet

Input data and parameters for I CA

	(Input data and parameters for LCA)
Document control no.	F-03s-02
Product vendor	PFU Limited
EcoLEaf registration no.	CA-19-035



PCR name	Fladbed / Sheet-fed scanner(PCR-ID:CA-02)	Product type			fi-78	300	
LCA/LCIA in units of:	unit	Product weight (kg)	31.48	Package (kg)	6.25	Weight total (kg)	37.73

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Bre	eakdown of pr	imary materials		Math breakdown of parts, which need to apply Processing / Assembly Base Units (Parts B, C)				
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	
	Other metals	1.51E+00	Medium-sized motor	4.02E+00	Press molding:Iron (kg)	1.24E+01	Parts assembly (kg)	9.30E+00	
	Ordinary steel	9.43E+00	Rubber	2.36E-01	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	4.93E-01			
ಕ	Thermoplastic resin	1.12E+01			Injection molding (kg)	1.34E+01			
duct	Stainless steel	2.66E+00			Glass molding (kg)	4.12E-01			
윤	Aluminum	6.29E-01							
	Glass	5.72E-01							
	Semiconductor circuit board	2.21E+00							
	Paper	5.29E+00							
	Subtotal	3.35E+01	Subtotal	4.25E+00					
		Total		3.77E+01	Subtotal	2.66E+01	Subtotal	9.30E+00	

Note Regarding the "Raw material" production, the environmental burdens of resource mining, transportation and raw material production for the main unit, accessories and packaging materials are calculated using the EcoLeaf basic unit.

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

.=	Classification	Energy				
듈	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)				
Consumpt	Quantity	5.54E+01				
ទី	Note					
arge	Classification					
Disch	Distribution					
Emission/[Quantity					
	Note	·				

Note In "Product" production, for parts processing, the environmental burden is calculated using the EcoLeaf basic unit and production site data. For Parts/material C assembled at other than the main unit assembly site, the burden is calculated using the EcoLeaf basic unit (Assembly).

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

_	Means of	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:		
흝	transportation	4 ton (kg·km)	4 ton (kg·km)	4 ton (kg·km)	4 ton (kg·km)		
효	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)		
istri	Quantity	3.77E+01	5.00E+02	4.40E+01	4.29E+04		
□ 🗖	Note						

Note The "Distribution" stage basic conditions and basic unit are in accordance with the provisions of PCR.

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	Polypropylene (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Nitrile-butadiene rubber	Paper (Western style)
-	Quantity	7.66E-02	6.82E-03	9.12E-01	7.20E-02	7.20E-02	7.09E-01	5.84E-01	7.20E-01
duct	Note								
Po	Classification	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Condition	
_	Distribution	Press molding: Iron (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	Injection molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Diesel truck: 2 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 2 ton (kg·km)	
	Quantity	9.95E-01	3.58E+03	1.44E+00	6.24E-01	5.86E+02	4.19E+02	5.06E+01	
	Note								

Note In accordance with the provisions of PCR, the burdens of electricity consumption and transportation are calculated with the total scanning number of 14,400,000 sheets in the customer use period of 5 years.

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

Consumables	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process	
			Incineration to	Sorting:	Recycle:		Landfill:	
	Distribution	Shredding (kg)	landfill	Nonferrous metal	to corrugated	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Industrial waste	
			(as ash) (kg)	(by eddy current	cardboard (kg)		(kg)	
	Quantity	1.33E-01	1.33E-01	5.87E-01	3.77E-01	3.77E-01	2.64E+00	
	Note							

Note For the product recovery rate, it is difficult to obtain the value from an actual history in our company.

The recycling burden is calculated by handling all the consumables that the customer uses as industrial waste.

For the manual and packaging box for consumables, the recycling burden is calculated by setting up the Open Recycling Scenario.

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

Scenario	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process	Process
	Distribution	Shredding (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force)	Recycle: to corrugated cardboard (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Plastics (by relative density difference in water)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)
	Quantity	1.30E+00	1.30E+00	3.33E+01	4.31E+00	2.77E+00	2.77E+00	6.47E-01	4.00E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Condition	Condition	Condition				
	Distribution	Polystyrene (kg)	Diesel truck: 2 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 2 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 2 ton (kg·km)				
	Quantity	4.00E-01	5.43E+03	3.71E+02	5.58E+01				
	Note								

Note For the product recovery rate, it is difficult to obtain the value from an actual history in our company.

The recycling burden is calculated by handling all the consumables that the customer uses as industrial waste.

For the manual and packaging box for consumables, the recycling burden is calculated by setting up the Open Recycling Scenario.

6. Others

The burdens are calculated with 500km for the total domestic transportation distance