Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)

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RICOH imagine. change.



Environment Contact: RICOH Company, Ltd. Corporate Communication Center email: envinfo@ricoh.co.jp



The photo shows the MP C8002SP with the SR4100 Finisher Unit (option) attached.

MP C8002SP

Printing process: Electrophotographic Printing; 4-drum method Output Speed: 80 images/minute (BW & FC, Letter LEF)

Paper Size : 5.5" x 8.5" to 13" x 19.2"

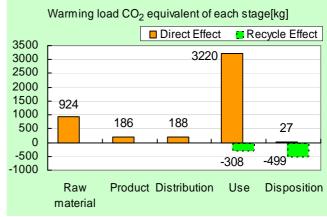
TEC Value*: 6.37kWh/week

*Typical Electricity Consumption by ENERGY STAR Qualified Imaging Equipment Test Procedure

The warming load of the Use stage is based on the supposition that the product prints 3,840,000 images for five years.

Consumption and discharge in a	All the stage sum totals
life cycle	Sum totals
Global Warming (CO ₂	4.55
equivalent) / t	(3.74)
Acidification (SO ₂	7.43
equivalent) / kg	(6.37)
Energy resources (crude oil	93.2
equivalent) / GJ	(77.0)

%Figures in () indicated environmental impact including recycle
effect *note3



Notes

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

[Supplemental environmental information]

- Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.
- •This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

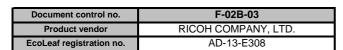
PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of reprentative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Hiroo Sakazaki *

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

^{*} In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Unit Function DB version Characterization Factor DB version

v2.1 v2.1



	PC	R name	EP an	d IJ pri	nter	Product type		MP C8	002SP	
	Р	CR ID	AD-04		Product weight (kg)	241	Package (kg)	21	Weight total (kg)	262
In/O	ut items		Life Cycle Stage	Unit	Raw material	uction Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle effect
Eno	ray Cons	sumption		MJ	1.54E+04	3.42E+03	2.60E+03	7.18E+04	3.87E+01	-1.63E+04
LITE	igy Cons	Sumption		Mcal	3.68E+03	8.16E+02	6.22E+02	1.71E+04	9.24E+00	-3.89E+03
			Coal	kg	1.84E+02	2.33E+01	1.97E+00	2.31E+02	1.52E-01	-1.76E+02
		Energy	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	1.17E+02	2.57E+01	5.33E+01	6.66E+02	5.65E-01	-7.53E+01
			LNG	kg	2.40E+01	1.35E+01	1.74E+00	2.21E+02	8.27E-02	-8.14E+00
			Uranium content of an ore	kg	1.76E-03	1.53E-03	1.29E-04	1.22E-02	1.03E-05	1.67E-04
			Crude oil (for material)	kg	5.22E+01	0	0	2.72E+02	0	-1.55E+02
			Iron content of an ore Cu content of an ore	kg	1.58E+02 2.65E+00	0	0	5.70E+01 3.68E-01	0	-1.96E+02 -3.99E+00
			Al content of an ore	kg kg	7.46E+00	0	0	1.47E+00	0	-8.37E+00
	_		Ni content of an ore	kg	1.16E+00	0	0	1.21E-02	0	-3.98E-03
	Consumption environment	e s	C content of an ore	kg	1.63E+00	0	0	3.60E-02	0	-7.26E-02
	dun:	Exhaustible resources	Mn content of an ore	kg	1.03E+00	0	0	3.04E-01	0	-1.70E-01
	Sons	xhar	Pb content of an ore	kg	2.72E-01	0	0	3.00E-02	0	-3.24E-01
	Se oc	Material	Sn content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Resource (from the e	Wateria	Zn content of an ore	kg	2.47E+00	0	0	2.96E-01	0	-3.18E+00
	Res		Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
			Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
			Silica Sand	kg	9.68E+00	0	0	7.75E-01	0	-4.51E+00
			Halite	kg	4.39E+01	0	0	7.66E+00	2.86E-03	-1.45E+00
es es			Limestone	kg	3.31E+01	0	0	1.27E+01	2.48E-01	-3.37E+01
alys			Natural soda ash	kg	3.28E-01	0	0	0.00E+00	0	-2.43E-01
Inventory analyses			riaidra boda don	kg	0.202 0.			0.002.00		2.102 01
of o		Renewable	Wood	kg	4.58E+01	0	0	2.06E+02	0	0.00E+00
nve		resources	Water	kg	4.79E+04	1.82E+04	1.44E+03	2.71E+05	1.30E+02	-1.58E+04
			CO ₂	kg	9.05E+02	1.83E+02	1.81E+02	3.08E+03	2.67E+01	-7.82E+02
			SO _x	kg	7.65E-01	1.36E-01	1.21E-01	1.73E+00	1.46E-02	-5.43E-01
			NO _x	kg	1.06E+00	1.19E-01	9.48E-01	4.49E+00	4.33E-02	-7.29E-01
		to Atmosphere	N ₂ Ô	kg	7.20E-02	9.49E-03	2.60E-02	5.44E-01	4.90E-05	-9.18E-02
			CH₄	kg	4.56E-03	4.09E-03	3.45E-04	3.27E-02	2.75E-05	6.05E-04
			CO	kg	1.81E-01	2.85E-02	2.77E-01	6.48E-01	1.09E-02	1.60E-02
	96 ±		NMVOC	kg	8.93E-03	8.02E-03	6.75E-04	6.40E-02	5.38E-05	1.18E-03
	Emission/Discharge to the environment		C_xH_y	kg	3.53E-02	1.84E-03	2.61E-02	1.70E-01	3.83E-04	-3.76E-02
	Disc		Dust	kg	1.40E-01	7.17E-03	8.69E-02	3.79E-01	2.77E-03	-1.40E-01
	ion/ en/		BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	niss the		COD	kg	-		-		-	-
	파악	to Water system	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
			P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
			SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	7.17E+00	0	0	6.49E+01	2.03E+01	-2.27E+00
		to Soil system	Slag	kg	5.86E+01	0	0	1.82E+01	0	-6.27E+01
		,	Sludge	kg	1.60E+01	0	0	3.14E+00	0	-1.80E+01
			Low level radio-active waste	kg	1.24E-03	1.07E-03	9.00E-05	8.53E-03	7.17E-06	1.17E-04
	by source is umpti on	Exhaustible	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	2.79E+02	6.94E+01	5.77E+01	1.18E+03	8.46E-01	-1.96E+02
	Resc Cons	resources	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	5.01E+03	0	0	3.37E+02	0	-1.50E+03
Impact assessment	, ronment		Global Warming (CO ₂ equivalent)	kg	9.24E+02	1.86E+02	1.88E+02	3.22E+03	2.67E+01	-8.07E+02
t asses	ion/ anviron	to Atmosphere	Acidification (SO ₂ equivalent)	kg	1.51E+00	2.19E-01	7.84E-01	4.87E+00	4.49E-02	-1.05E+00
Impac	/ Emission/ to the envir		Ozone Depletion (CFC-11 equivalent)	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	by Discharge t		Photochemical Oxidant	kg	7.51E-02	7.04E-03	4.63E-02	2.48E-01	1.32E-03	-7.18E-02
	Discl	to Water system	Eutrophication (Phosphate equivalent)	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

L. Stage related

A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

(1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

(2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.

C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).

D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).

E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts

Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.

Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

- II. Inventory analyses
 A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
 B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
 C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

- III impact analyses
 Result of the "impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO₂ in case of "Global Warming").
 A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.
 B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

- IV Data entry format

 A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

 B. Indicate "O' instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

 C. Indicate "-" if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

 (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

[Notes for readers: Target product specific]

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

Product data sheet

(Input data and parameters for LCA)

Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-13-E308



PCR name	EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID : AD-04)	Product type	MP C8002SP				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1 product	Product weight (kg)	241	Package (kg)	21	Weight total (kg)	262

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Br	eakdown of p	rimary materials		Math breakdown of parts, which	h need to apply	Processing / Assembly Base U	Inits (Parts B, C)
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	SUS	7.35E+00	Thermosetting	2.70E+00	Press molding: Iron (kg)	1.55E+02	Parts assembly (kg)	2.35E+02
+	Thermoplastic	5.90E+01	PCB	5.26E+00	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	1.49E+01		
luct	Alminum	7.05E+00	Wood	1.15E-03	Injection molding (kg)	5.82E+01		
Prod	Steel	1.48E+02			Glass molding (kg)	3.41E+00		
а.	Glass	2.95E+00						
	Rubber	4.60E-01						
	Other metals	7.80E+00						
	Paper	2.13E+01						
	Subtotal	2.54E+02	Subtotal	7.96E+00				
		Total		2.62E+02	Subtotal	2.31E+02	Subtotal	2.35E+02

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SO_x and NO_x should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

<u>_</u>	Classification	Energy	Energy	Energy	Material	Energy	Material	
sumption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace LNG (kg)	Furnace coal (kg)	Clean water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³)	Industrial water (kg)	
Consur	Quantity	9.00E+01	7.05E-01	6.04E-01	1.96E+02	1.83E+00	8.24E+02	
၁	Note							
	Classification	Water system						
Emission/ Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)						
E E	Quantity	1.02E+03						
	Note							

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

	Means of transportation	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
등	Quantity	2.62E+02	3.80E+02	5.24E+01	1.90E+05	2.62E+02	9.02E+03	1.00E+02	2.36E+06
itino	Note								
Distribution	Means of transportation	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
	Quantity	2.62E+02	4.99E+03	1.00E+02	1.31E+06	2.62E+02	6.00E+02	3.39E+01	4.64E+05
	Note								

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

Classification		Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
Distribution	Stainless steel	Aluminum plate (kg)	Styrene-butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)		Zinc (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	ABS (kg)	Polycarbonate (kg)
Quantity	6.94E-02	1.39E+00	1.96E+00	1.22E+00	2.35E-03	9.67E+01	5.73E+00	7.21E-01
Note								
Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
Distribution	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Electroplated stee Plate (kg)
Quantity	2.69E+00	2.47E+02	2.96E-01	9.51E+01	2.90E+00	9.98E-03	3.07E-01	4.88E-01
Note								
Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Energy	Energy
Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Glass molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace LNG (kg)
Quantity Note	5.45E+01	4.53E+01	2.61E+00	1.08E+02	1.96E+00	1.58E+02	1.05E+03	4.97E+01
Note								

Classification	Condition	Energy	Material	Water system	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Condition
Distribution	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m³)	Industrial water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline (kg)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)
Quantity	6.48E+04	5.19E+01	3.59E+02	3.59E+02	1.53E+03	2.35E+01	3.10E+06	1.71E+06
Note								
Classification	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition
Distribution	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)
Quantity	3.33E+05	1.84E+03	8.79E+04	4.86E+04	9.44E+03	9.68E+04	1.42E+06	7.87E+05
Note								
Classification	Condition							
Distribution	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)							
Quantity	1.53E+05							
Note								

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
sə	Distribution	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)
abl	Quantity	9.34E+03	4.59E+01	9.65E+01	1.92E+02	1.92E+02	1.49E+02	1.46E+02	4.35E+01
L ms	Note								
Consumables	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Process
၁	Distribution	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)
	Quantity	1.33E+00	1.17E+00	1.00E+02	4.35E+01	1.33E+00	1.17E+00	1.00E+02	1.54E+05
	Note								

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)
	Quantity	1.74E+01	2.40E+02	1.41E-01	1.88E+01	2.07E+05	4.32E-01	2.36E+02	9.13E+01
	Note								
ي.	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction
Scenario	Distribution	Sorting: Plastics (by relative	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)
	Quantity	7.76E+01	2.95E+00	1.45E+02	6.58E+00	1.20E+01	5.58E+01	2.89E+00	1.45E+02
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction					
	Distribution	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)					
	Quantity	6.58E+00	1.20E+01	5.53E+01					
	Note								

Note

6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.