

overseas locations adequately. 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative

and quantitative data collected in Japan. [Supplemental environmental information]

- Certified to the international ENERGY STAR Program V2.0, EU RoHS
- Manufactured at ISO14001 certified factories

PCR review was conducted by PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of representative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

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* In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

The Ecoleaf is an environmental labeling program that belongs to the ISO-TypeIII category.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02Bs-02
Product vendor	TOSHIBA TEC CORPORATION
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-18-E1073

	http://www.jemai.or.jp
Unit Function DB version	v2.1
Characterization Factor DB version	v2.1

PCR name	EP and IJ print	Product type	TOSHIBA MFP e-STUDIO5015AC					
PCR code	AD-04	Product weight (kg)	77.5	Package (kg)	15	Weight total (kg)	92.5	

				Life Cycle Stage		Produ	uction				Recycle
In/O	ut item	ns			Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Effect
111/000					MJ	7.20E+03	9.01E+02	1.51E+03	2.69E+04	1.05E+02	-1.34E+03
		Er	nergy C	Consumption	_	1.72E+03	2.15E+02	3.61E+02	6.41E+03	2.50E+01	-1.34E+03 -3.20E+02
			SS	Caal	Mcal	5.63E+01	6.37E+02	3.53E-03	1.12E+02	3.96E-01	-3.20E+02 -1.57E+01
			ource	Coal	kg	6.92E+01		3.30E+01	2.46E+02	1.55E+00	-1.57E+01 -8.42E+00
			/ res	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	1.33E+01	7.45E+00 3.19E+00	5.10E-01	6.07E+01	2.17E-01	-8.42E+00 -9.01E-01
			nerg)	LNG	kg	1.34E-03	4.30E-04	2.40E-07	6.61E-03	2.68E-05	7.76E-06
	_		ū	Uranium content of an ore	kg	2.50E+01			7.16E+01		-9.32E+00
	ion			Crude oil (for material) Iron content of an ore	kg	4.17E+01	0	0	1.07E+01	0	-9.32E+00 -1.64E+01
	Consumption	es		Cu content of an ore	kg kg	1.74E+00	0	0	3.01E-02	0	-2.34E-01
		- LC		Al content of an ore	kg	9.09E-01	0	0	2.28E+00	0	-1.12E+00
	SU	sol		Ni content of an ore	kg	2.45E-01	0	0	1.28E-02	0	-3.33E-04
	ပိ	le resources		C content of an ore	kg	3.44E-01	0	0	2.11E-02	0	-6.08E-03
	e			Mn content of an ore	kg	2.44E-01	0	0	5.90E-02	0	-6.15E-03
	nrc	stib	SOI	Pb content of an ore	kg	9.40E-02	0	0	2.44E-03	0	-1.90E-02
	So	สนธ		Sn content of an ore	kg	0.402	0	0	0	0	0
	Resource	Exhaustible	Mineral	Zn content of an ore	kg	9.25E-01	0	0	2.40E-02	0	-1.87E-01
	$\sum_{i=1}^{n}$	ш	ne	Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ct f		Σ	Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	Impact by			Silica Sand	kg	3.47E+00	0	0	1.83E-01	0	-8.41E-01
anaiyses	Ē			Halite	kg	1.44E+01	9.57E-05	0	3.66E-01	3.43E-02	-2.47E+00
aiy				Limestone	kg	9.55E+00	0	0	5.14E+00	9.21E-01	-2.93E+00
an				Natural soda ash	kg	3.07E-01	0	0	5.41E-03	0	-7.80E-02
			ources	Wood	kg	2.41E+01	0	0	1.20E+02	0	0
nventory			new stife rea	Water	kg	3.21E+04	4.84E+03	2.65E+00	1.18E+05	3.33E+02	-2.14E+03
/er	f		a.	CO2	kg	3.99E+02	5.02E+01	1.07E+02	1.29E+03	5.41E+01	-6.96E+01
ľ	environment		-	Sox	kg	2.56E-01	3.78E-02	8.85E-02	9.20E-01	3.17E-02	-6.27E-02
	onr	Atmosphere		Nox	kg	4.72E-01	3.10E-02	9.12E-01	2.30E+00	1.04E-01	-9.92E-02
	vir		ohe -	N2O	kg	3.39E-02	8.24E-04	1.24E-02	6.40E-02	1.54E-04	-7.50E-03
			lso	CH4	kg	3.57E-03	1.15E-03	6.40E-07	1.76E-02	7.17E-05	4.12E-05
	the		t	СО	kg	5.51E-02	7.50E-03	3.16E-01	5.69E-01	2.64E-02	-1.54E-02
	5			NMVOC	kg	6.98E-03	2.26E-03	1.25E-06	3.45E-02	1.40E-04	8.02E-05
	Emission/Discharge to the		to	СхНу	kg	1.63E-02	1.83E-04	2.16E-02	4.70E-02	1.01E-03	-3.77E-03
	har			Dust	kg	5.33E-02	1.70E-03	7.77E-02	1.75E-01	5.91E-03	-1.45E-02
	isc	Ш	ain	BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Q/c	system	domain	COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	sior	ter s		N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	niss	Water	to Water	P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Εu	to \	-	SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
			tem	Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	3.20E+00	2.72E-04	0	2.05E+01	3.61E+01	-7.52E-01
	act		system	Slag	kg	1.49E+01	0	0	3.33E+00	0	-5.16E+00
	Impact by		to Soil	Sludge	kg	1.40E+00	0	0	4.89E+00	0	-2.39E+00
			to	Low level radio-active waste	kg	9.38E-04	3.01E-04	1.68E-07	4.61E-03	1.87E-05	5.39E-06
ent	by Reso		beresources	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	1.32E+02	1.89E+01	3.37E+01	4.45E+02	2.28E+00	-1.95E+01
assessment	J Å		Eshaura	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	6.68E+02	0	0	7.58E+01	0	-9.50E+01
ses	rironmen.		osphere	Global Warming (CO2 equivalent)	kg	4.09E+02	5.05E+01	1.10E+02	1.31E+03	5.41E+01	-7.16E+01
ass	ge to en		idsoi	Acidification (SO2 equivalent)	kg	5.87E-01	5.96E-02	7.27E-01	2.53E+00	1.04E-01	-1.32E-01
	/ Dischar		Atm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impact	mission.		to	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ln.	þ, E		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

I. Stage related

A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

(1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

(2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.

C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).

D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).

E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse.

Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts. Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

II. Inventory analyses

A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.

B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.

C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

III Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO₂ in case of "Global Warming").

A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.

B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

IV Data entry format

- A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.
- B. Indicate "O" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.
- C. Indicate " " if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".
 - (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

[Notes for readers: Target product specific]

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

Product data sheet

(Input data and parameters for LCA)

Document control no.	F-03s-02
Product vendor	TOSHIBA TEC CORPORATION
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-18-E1073



PCR name	EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)	Product type		TOSHIE	IBA MFP e-STUDIO5015AC				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1	Product weight (kg)	77.5	Package (kg)	15	Weight total (kg)	92.5		

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Br	eakdown of pi	imary materials		Math breakdown of parts, whic	h need to apply l	Processing / Assembly Base U	nits (Parts B, C)
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	Ordinary steel	3.67E+01	Paper	8.73E+00	Press molding:Iron (kg)	3.72E+01	Parts assembly (kg)	1.04E+00
	Stainless steel	1.54E+00	Wood	5.46E+00	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	1.68E+01		
uct	Other metals	2.27E+00	Semiconductor substrate	3.44E+00	Injection molding (kg)	2.82E+01		
Produ	Aluminum	6.17E-01	Medium-sized motor	2.91E+00	Glass molding (kg)	2.64E+00		
Pr	Glass	2.64E+00						
	Thermoplastic resin	2.75E+01						
	Thermosetting resin	4.27E-01						
	Rubber	2.60E-01						
	Subtotal	7.20E+01	Subtotal	2.05E+01				
		Total		9.25E+01	Subtotal	8.49E+01	Subtotal	1.04E+00

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

	Classification	Energy	Energy	Material	Energy	Material	Material	Material	Material
	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Heavy oil as fuel (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	Furnace LPG (kg)	Clean water (kg)	Steam (kg)	Nitrogen (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)
Consumption	Quantity	1.00E+01	3.40E-02	3.10E-02	1.88E-01	1.65E+01	2.35E-04	4.11E-03	2.33E+02
mpt	Note								
Insu	Classification	Material							
Col	Distribution	Freight by ship (kg·km)							
	Quantity	1.47E+03							
	Note								
arge	Classification	Water system							
Emission/Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)							
ssion	Quantity	1.65E+01							
Emi	Note								

Note : Transportation impacts of expendables (except yellow, magenta, cyan and black toner) which are included in the main body are ranges from Japan to China.

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

	-		, ,		· ·				
	Means of transportation	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Freight by ship
		10 ton (kg∙km)	10 ton (kg∙km)	10 ton (kg∙km)	10 ton (kg∙km)	(kg∙km)	(kg∙km)	(kg∙km)	(kg∙km)
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
u	Quantity	9.25E+01	6.00E+01	4.81E+01	1.15E+04	9.25E+01	1.17E+04	1.00E+02	1.08E+06
oution	Note								
Distribu	Means of transportation	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:				
Dis	means of transportation	10 ton (kg∙km)	10 ton (kg∙km)	10 ton (kg∙km)	10 ton (kg∙km)				
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)				
	Quantity	9.25E+01	3.30E+03	4.73E+01	6.45E+05				
	Note								

Note : The main body products are transported from China to USA.

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)
	Quantity	3.92E+00	6.41E+00	7.98E-02	2.16E+00	1.23E+01	3.83E-01	1.72E+01	6.65E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	PET (kg)	Phenol resin (PF) (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Assembled circuit board (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)
lct	Quantity	1.16E-01	6.22E+01	2.60E-02	5.65E+01	2.18E-01	6.49E+00	5.65E+01	3.08E+01
Product	Note								
P	Classification	Process	Process	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Discharge
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg∙km)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)	Electricity (kWh)	Heavy oil as fuel (kg)	Furnace LPG (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	Clean water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)
	Quantity	6.27E+05	6.37E+05	1.47E+03	8.74E-03	5.70E-01	8.12E-03	1.34E+03	4.00E+02
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption						
	Distribution	Steam (kg)	Nitrogen (kg)						
	Quantity	1.87E-03	3.27E-02						
	Note								

Note : The periodical replacement parts are transported from China to USA.

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
es	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Landfill: General waste (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)
Consumables	Quantity	1.12E+00	3.45E+01	1.06E+02	5.63E+01	7.54E+00	1.97E+01	1.57E+01	1.49E+01
sum	Note								
Son	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction		
U	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)		
	Quantity	3.76E+00	8.19E-01	1.48E+01	3.38E+00	8.19E-01	2.49E+00		
	Note								

Note : The values in the above table are calculated based on actual results in Japan.

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

-	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration: Biomass (paper) (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Landfill: General waste (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg∙km)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg∙km)
	Quantity	3.84E+00	8.39E+00	2.18E+00	8.95E+01	2.75E+01	2.80E+01	3.29E+04	5.37E+03
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
Scenario	Distribution	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)
	Quantity	2.94E+01	1.49E+01	1.38E+01	1.38E+01	7.75E-01	2.35E-01	9.30E-01	9.83E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	ABS (kg)	Glass (kg)	
	Quantity	1.24E+01	7.75E-01	2.35E-01	2.23E+00	2.20E+00	2.98E+00	9.30E-01	
	Note								

Note : The values in the above table are calculated based on actual results in Japan.

6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.