# 製品環境情報 Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



No. AD-18-E1072 Date of publication 09/27/2018

#### EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)

#### **TOSHIBA**

Leading Innovation >>>

TOSHIBA TEC CORPORATION
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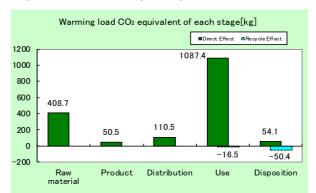
URL http://www.toshibatec.co.jp

# E-STUDIO 4515AC

- 1. Printing Process: Electrophotography (EP)
- 2. Color: Color and Monochrome(B/W)
- 3. Printing Speed: 45 Letter pages per minute (Color and B/W)
- 4. Maximum Paper Size: Ledger Size
- 5. Duplex copying: Standard

Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals
Global Warming (CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent)	1711.2kg ( 1644.4kg )
Acidification ( $SO_2$ equivalent)	3.55kg (3.44kg)
Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	32,085MJ ( 30,824MJ )

\*Figures in () indicated environmental impact including recycle effect \*note3



The above environmental load is calculated assuming that the usage period is 5 years and the total number of printed sheets is 1,215,000 pages. Also, the printing paper is not included in the calculation range. Outside the red frame of the photo is not included in the LCA calculation because it is the accessories (document feeder and paper feed unit).

#### Notes

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf\_jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- $3. \ \ Recycle\ Effect\ illustrates\ an\ indirect\ influence\ to\ other\ products/services.$
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

#### [Supplemental environmental information]

- Certified to the international ENERGY STAR Program V2.0, EU RoHS
- Manufactured at ISO14001 certified factories

PCR review was conducted by : PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01,2008, Name of representative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025:2006 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Hiromi Horikawa

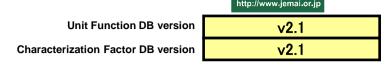
 $Programme\ operator: Japan\ Environmental\ Management\ Association\ for\ Industry,\ ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp$ 

The Ecoleaf is an environmental labeling program that belongs to the ISO-Type III category.

 $<sup>\</sup>star$  In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

## **Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)**

Document control no.	F-02Bs-02
Product vendor	TOSHIBA TEC CORPORATION
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-18-E1072



PCR name	EP and IJ print	er	Product type	TOSHIBA MFP e-STUDIO4515AC				
PCR code	AD-04	Product weight (kg)	77.5	Package (kg)	15	Weight total (kg)	92.5	

				Life Cycle Stage	11.7	Produ	uction	Bi di di		<b>D</b> : 33	Recycle
In/O	ut iten	ns			Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Effect
		Er	oray (	Consumption	MJ	7.20E+03	9.01E+02	1.51E+03	2.24E+04	1.05E+02	-1.26E+03
		LI	leigy C	Consumption	Mcal	1.72E+03	2.15E+02	3.61E+02	5.34E+03	2.50E+01	-3.01E+02
			rces	Coal	kg	5.63E+01	6.37E+00	3.53E-03	9.35E+01	3.96E-01	-1.47E+01
			nosə	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	6.92E+01	7.45E+00	3.30E+01	2.03E+02	1.55E+00	-7.99E+00
			rgy r	LNG	kg	1.33E+01	3.19E+00	5.10E-01	5.07E+01	2.17E-01	-7.55E-01
			Ene	Uranium content of an ore	kg	1.34E-03	4.30E-04	2.40E-07	5.58E-03	2.68E-05	3.28E-06
	Z Z			Crude oil (for material)	kg	2.50E+01	0	0	5.87E+01	0	-8.88E+00
	Consumption	S		Iron content of an ore	kg	4.17E+01	0	0	8.67E+00	0	-1.57E+01
	Ш	Se		Cu content of an ore	kg	1.74E+00	0	0	2.46E-02	0	-2.34E-01
	nsı	ın l		Al content of an ore	kg	9.09E-01	0	0	1.63E+00	0	-8.67E-01
	Ö	Se	တ္သ	Ni content of an ore	kg	2.45E-01	0	0	9.18E-03	0	-3.20E-04
	Resource xhaustible rral resource		ည	C content of an ore	kg	3.44E-01	0	0	1.54E-02	0	-5.83E-03
			ПO	Mn content of an ore	kg	2.44E-01	0	0	4.75E-02	0	-5.89E-03
			nstil 	Pb content of an ore	kg	9.40E-02	0	0	1.99E-03	0	-1.90E-02
			F	Sn content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
			era	Zn content of an ore	kg	9.25E-01	0	0	1.96E-02	0	-1.87E-01
	Impact by		/lin	Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	act		2	Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ses	ď			Silica Sand	kg	3.47E+00	0	0	1.48E-01	0	-8.37E-01
anaiyses	<u>                                    </u>			Halite	kg	1.44E+01	9.57E-05	0	2.76E-01	3.43E-02	-2.45E+00
Jai				Limestone	kg	9.55E+00	0	0	4.17E+00	9.21E-01	-2.82E+00
				Natural soda ash	kg	3.07E-01	0	0	4.41E-03	0	-7.80E-02
o S			ie uspoluciei	Wood	kg	2.41E+01	0	0	9.74E+01	0	0
Inventory			Reneat	Water	kg	3.21E+04	4.84E+03	2.65E+00	9.77E+04	3.33E+02	-1.72E+03
ا څ	ent	Φ		CO2	kg	3.99E+02	5.02E+01	1.07E+02	1.07E+03	5.41E+01	-6.50E+01
_	Ĕ			Sox	kg	2.56E-01	3.78E-02	8.85E-02	7.58E-01	3.17E-02	-5.27E-02
	Ī		je.	Nox	kg	4.72E-01	3.10E-02	9.12E-01	1.88E+00	1.04E-01	-8.96E-02
	S	'	gg	N2O	kg	3.39E-02	8.24E-04	1.24E-02	5.19E-02	1.54E-04	-6.87E-03
	9 9		ë	CH4	kg	3.57E-03	1.15E-03	6.40E-07	1.49E-02	7.17E-05	2.47E-05
	) <del> </del>		Αtr	CO	kg	5.51E-02	7.50E-03	3.16E-01	4.64E-01	2.64E-02	-1.34E-02
	e tc		to Atmosphere	NMVOC	kg	6.98E-03	2.26E-03	1.25E-06	2.92E-02	1.40E-04	4.80E-05
	arge			СхНу	kg	1.63E-02	1.83E-04	2.16E-02	3.81E-02	1.01E-03	-3.52E-03
	che			Dust	kg	5.33E-02	1.70E-03	7.77E-02	1.42E-01	5.91E-03	-1.33E-02
	Ois	system	domain	BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	J/uc	sys		COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Emission/Discharge to the environment	ater		N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	mis	to Water	to Water	P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
		ţ	_	SS Upanacified Solid Wests	kg	3.20E+00	2.72E-04	0	1.65E+01	3.61E+01	-6 86E 01
	t by		ster	Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	1.49E+01		0	2.69E+00		-6.86E-01 -4.96E+00
	ac		Soil system	Slag	kg	1.49E+01 1.40E+00	0	0	3.49E+00	0	-4.96E+00 -1.86E+00
	Impact by		to So	Sludge Low level radio-active waste	kg kg	9.38E-04	3.01E-04	1.68E-07	3.89E-03	1.87E-05	2.25E-06
ŧ			t t	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg kg	1.32E+02	1.89E+01	3.37E+01	3.70E+02	2.28E+00	-1.83E+01
assessment	by Reso		Pauxiblemen	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg kg	6.68E+02	0	0	6.04E+01	0	-9.35E+01
SSI	Ten Ten		ē ē	Global Warming (CO2 equivalent)	kg	4.09E+02	5.05E+01	1.10E+02	1.09E+03	5.41E+01	-6.68E+01
SSe	environ		bhei	Acidification (SO2 equivalent)	kg	5.87E-01	5.96E-02	7.27E-01	2.07E+00	1.04E-01	-1.15E-01
t as	harge to		Atmosphere		- Kg	-	-	7.27L-01 -	2.07 L+00	1.04L-01	-
aci	on / Disc		to Atr			-	-	_	-	-	-
Impact	y Emissi		-			-	-	-	-	-	-
				common rules]							

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

#### I. Stage related

- A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.
- (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.
- (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.
- B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.
- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).
- D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).
- E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse.

  Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.

  Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

#### II. Inventory analyses

- A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
- B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
- C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

#### III Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO<sub>2</sub> in case of "Global Warming").

- A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.
- B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

#### IV Data entry format

- A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.
- B. Indicate "0" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.
- C. Indicate "-" if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".
  - (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

#### [Notes for readers: Target product specific]

# **Product data sheet**

(Input data and parameters for LCA)

Document control no.		F-03s-02	
Product vendor	TOSHIBA	TEC CORP	ORATION
EcoLEaf registration no.	A	AD-18-E107	2



PCR name	EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)	Product type	TOSHIBA MFP e-STUDIO4515AC				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1	Product weight (kg)	77.5	Package (kg)	15	Weight total (kg)	92.5

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Bre	eakdown of pr	imary materials		Math breakdown of parts, which	ch need to apply	Processing / Assembly Base U	nits (Parts B, C)
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	Ordinary steel	3.67E+01	Paper	8.73E+00	Press molding:liron (kg)	3.72E+01	Parts assembly (kg)	1.04E+00
	Stainless steel	1.54E+00	Wood 5.46E+00		Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	1.68E+01		
달	Other metals	2.27E+00	Semiconductor substrate	3.44E+00	Injection molding (kg)	2.82E+01		
npo	Aluminum	6.17E-01	Medium-sized motor	2.91E+00	Glass molding (kg)	2.64E+00		
Pro	Glass	2.64E+00						
	Thermoplastic resin	2.75E+01						
	Thermosetting resin	4.27E-01						
	Rubber	2.60E-01						
	Subtotal	7.20E+01	Subtotal	2.05E+01				
		Total		9.25E+01	Subtotal	8.49E+01	Subtotal	1.04E+00

Note

#### 2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in  $SO_2$ ,  $NO_2$  equivalent.

	Classification	Energy	Energy	Material	Energy	Material	Material	Material	Material
	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Heavy oil as fuel (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	Furnace LPG (kg)	Clean water (kg)	Steam (kg)	Nitrogen (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)
Consumption	Quantity	1.00E+01	3.40E-02	3.10E-02	1.88E-01	1.65E+01	2.35E-04	4.11E-03	2.33E+02
m Td	Note								
nsu	Classification	Material							
Sol	Distribution	Freight by ship (kg·km)							
	Quantity	1.47E+03							
	Note								
arge	Classification	Water system							
/Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)							
Emission	Quantity	1.65E+01							
Emik	Note								

Note: Transportation impacts of expendables (except yellow, magenta, cyan and black toner) which are included in the main body are ranges from Japan to China.

### 3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

Means of transportation	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)
Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
Quantity	9.25E+01	6.00E+01	4.81E+01	1.15E+04	9.25E+01	1.17E+04	1.00E+02	1.08E+06
Note								
Means of transportation	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)				
Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)				
Quantity	9.25E+01	3.30E+03	4.73E+01	6.45E+05				
Note								
	Conditions Quantity Note Means of transportation Conditions Quantity	Means of transportation  Conditions  Mass(kg)  Quantity  9.25E+01  Note  Means of transportation  Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)  Conditions  Mass(kg)  Quantity  9.25E+01	Means of transportation         10 ton (kg·km)         10 ton (kg·km)           Conditions         Mass(kg)         Distance (km)           Quantity         9.25E+01         6.00E+01           Note         Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)         Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)           Conditions         Mass(kg)         Distance (km)           Quantity         9.25E+01         3.30E+03	Means of transportation10 ton (kg·km)10 ton (kg·km)10 ton (kg·km)ConditionsMass(kg)Distance (km)Loading Ratio(%w)Quantity9.25E+016.00E+014.81E+01NoteMeans of transportationDiesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)ConditionsMass(kg)Distance (km)Loading Ratio(%w)Quantity9.25E+013.30E+034.73E+01	Means of transportation10 ton (kg·km)10 ton (kg·km)10 ton (kg·km)10 ton (kg·km)ConditionsMass(kg)Distance (km)Loading Ratio(%w)Load(kg·km)Quantity9.25E+016.00E+014.81E+011.15E+04NoteMeans of transportationDiesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)10 ton (kg·km)ConditionsMass(kg)Distance (km)Loading Ratio(%w)Load(kg·km)Quantity9.25E+013.30E+034.73E+016.45E+05	To ton (kg·km)   To t	10 ton (kg·km)   (k	10 ton (kg·km)   (kg·km)

Note: The main body products are transported from China to USA.

#### 4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

#### 4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

4.1 P10	duct and ac	cessories subje	ect to this analysi	IS					
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)
	Quantity	2.70E+00	5.65E+00	5.70E-02	1.54E+00	1.03E+01	2.81E-01	1.41E+01	5.29E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	PET (kg)	Phenol resin (PF) (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Assembled circuit board (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)
ಕ	Quantity	1.16E-01	5.08E+01	2.60E-02	4.58E+01	1.78E-01	5.71E+00	4.58E+01	2.54E+01
Product	Note								
Pr	Classification	Process	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Discharge	Consumption
	Distribution	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Electricity (kWh)	Heavy oil as fuel (kg)	Furnace LPG (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	Clean water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)	Steam (kg)
	Quantity	5.13E+05	1.26E+03	6.79E-03	4.10E-01	6.31E-03	1.08E+03		1.29E-03
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Process						
	Distribution	Nitrogen (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)						
	Quantity	2.25E-02	5.09E+05						
	Note								

Note: The periodical replacement parts are transported from China to USA.

#### 4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
e S	Distribution	Shredding (kg)	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Landfill: General waste (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)
Consumables	Quantity	8.61E+01	9.13E-01	2.81E+01	4.58E+01	5.97E+00	1.60E+01	1.28E+01	1.22E+01
l E	Note								
ő	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction		
S	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)		
	Quantity	3.03E+00	5.85E-01	9.01E+00	2.73E+00	5.85E-01	2.05E+00		
	Note								

Note: The values in the above table are calculated based on actual results in Japan.

#### 5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

			iation (per prout	<i>,</i> .					
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration: Biomass (paper) (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Landfill: General waste (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)
	Quantity	3.84E+00	8.39E+00	2.18E+00	8.95E+01	2.75E+01	2.80E+01	3.29E+04	5.37E+03
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
Scenario	Distribution	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)
	Quantity	2.94E+01	1.49E+01	1.38E+01	1.38E+01	7.75E-01	2.35E-01	9.30E-01	9.83E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	ABS (kg)	Glass (kg)	
	Quantity	1.24E+01	7.75E-01	2.35E-01	2.23E+00	2.20E+00	2.98E+00	9.30E-01	
	Note								

Note: The values in the above table are calculated based on actual results in Japan.

### 6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.