

Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)

No. AD-16-E769

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<http://www.kyoceradocumentsolutions.co.jp/>

TASKalfa 406ci

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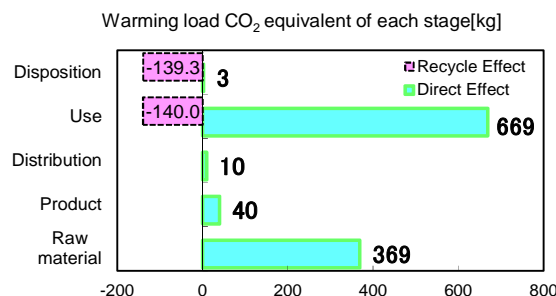
Making Technology:Electrophotographic Printer (EP)
Printing Speed: Monochrome 40 Pages per minute in A4
Color 40 Pages per minute in A4
Maximum printing paper: A4
Duplex function: Standard



【The Environmental load for life-cycle】

Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals
Global Warming (CO ₂ equivalent)	1091.1kg (811.8kg)
Acidification (SO ₂ equivalent)	1.6kg (1.1kg)
Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	23,749MJ (17,932MJ)

※Figures in () indicated environmental impact including recycle effect *note3



Use stage: Printing Mono480,000/Col 480,000
A4 sheets in 5 years.

The environmental load of sheet in "Use" stage is not included in above data.

Notes:

1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule.. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at <http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/> for details.
3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

【Supplemental environmental information】

- Conformed to the International ENERGY STAR® Program.
- Manufactured at ISO14001 certified factories.
- Plastic housing and outer package: halogenated flame retardants are not used.

PCR review was conducted by : PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of representative : Youji Uchiyama, Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 <input type="checkbox"/> internal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> external Third party verifier: < name of the third party verifier * > Hiroo Sakazaki Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp
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* In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written. The EcoLeaf is an environmental labeling program that belongs to the ISO-Type III category.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02Bs-02
Product vendor	KYOCERA Document Solutions Inc.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-16-E769

Unit Function DB version	v2.1
Characterization Factor DB version	v2.1

PCR name	EP and IJ printer	Product type	TASKalfa 406ci				
PCR code	AD-04	Product weight (kg)	50.07	Package (kg)	14.02	Weight total (kg)	64.09

In/Out items	Life Cycle Stage	Unit	Production		Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle Effect			
			Raw material	Product							
Energy Consumption		MJ	6.46E+03	7.57E+02	1.31E+02	1.64E+04	3.47E+01	-5.82E+03			
		Mcal	1.54E+03	1.81E+02	3.12E+01	3.91E+03	8.30E+00	-1.39E+03			
Inventory analyses	Impact by Resource Consumption	Energy resources	Coal	kg	4.22E+01	5.02E+00	3.05E-04	6.92E+01	3.52E-02	-3.36E+01	
			Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	6.81E+01	5.93E+00	2.86E+00	1.32E+02	6.65E-01	-5.42E+01	
			LNG	kg	1.30E+01	2.51E+00	4.41E-02	4.19E+01	2.72E-02	-5.67E+00	
			Uranium content of an ore	kg	1.41E-03	3.39E-04	2.07E-08	4.01E-03	2.38E-06	-2.40E-04	
		Exhaustible resources	Mineral resources	Crude oil (for material)	kg	1.86E+01	0	0	5.52E+01	0	-4.26E+01
				Iron content of an ore	kg	2.38E+01	0	0	9.13E+00	0	-3.07E+01
				Cu content of an ore	kg	1.39E+00	0	0	9.44E-02	0	-2.45E+00
				Al content of an ore	kg	9.46E-01	0	0	9.50E-01	0	-1.71E+00
				Ni content of an ore	kg	6.01E-02	0	0	3.98E-02	0	-9.98E-02
				C content of an ore	kg	8.88E-02	0	0	5.70E-02	0	-1.46E-01
	Mn content of an ore			kg	1.24E-01	0	0	5.48E-02	0	-4.07E-02	
	Pb content of an ore			kg	7.96E-02	0	0	7.60E-03	0	-1.99E-01	
	Sn content of an ore			kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Zn content of an ore			kg	7.83E-01	0	0	7.49E-02	0	-1.96E+00	
	Au content of an ore			kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Ag content of an ore			kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Silica Sand			kg	2.33E+00	0	0	2.83E-01	0	-1.82E+00	
	Halite			kg	9.54E+00	0	0	1.77E+00	2.61E-04	-9.16E+00	
	Limestone			kg	5.98E+00	0	0	2.03E+00	1.69E-02	-5.52E+00	
	Natural soda ash			kg	2.04E-01	0	0	1.69E-02	0	-1.07E-01	
Renewable resources	Wood	kg	2.87E+01	0	0	8.03E+01	0	-1.09E+02			
	Water	kg	3.57E+04	3.98E+03	2.32E-01	5.45E+04	2.69E+01	-1.11E+04			
Impact by Emission/Discharge to the environment	to Atmosphere	CO ₂	kg	3.61E+02	3.98E+01	9.30E+00	6.53E+02	2.67E+00	-2.71E+02		
		Sox	kg	2.39E-01	3.01E-02	4.76E-03	4.40E-01	2.88E-03	-1.79E-01		
		Nox	kg	4.45E-01	2.55E-02	2.87E-02	6.90E-01	3.16E-02	-4.40E-01		
		N ₂ O	kg	2.96E-02	6.01E-04	1.78E-03	5.93E-02	3.99E-05	-2.98E-02		
		CH ₄	kg	3.75E-03	3.65E-03	5.53E-08	1.07E-02	6.36E-06	-6.08E-04		
		CO	kg	4.83E-02	5.82E-03	4.44E-03	1.05E-01	1.20E-02	-3.85E-02		
		NM VOC	kg	7.33E-03	1.78E-03	1.08E-07	2.10E-02	1.25E-05	-1.19E-03		
		CxHy	kg	1.41E-02	1.81E-04	1.09E-03	1.72E-02	6.25E-04	-1.45E-02		
		Dust	kg	4.51E-02	1.51E-03	3.10E-03	4.64E-02	2.48E-03	-4.50E-02		
		to Water system	to Water domain	BOD	kg	-	2.26E-03	-	-	-	-
	COD			kg	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	N total			kg	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	P total			kg	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	SS			kg	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	to Soil system	Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	2.88E+00	6.85E-03	0	2.54E+01	8.54E-06	-3.78E+00		
		Slag	kg	9.14E+00	0	0	3.03E+00	0	-1.16E+01		
		Sludge	kg	1.64E+00	0	0	2.04E+00	0	-3.67E+00		
		Low level radio-active waste	kg	9.86E-04	2.37E-04	1.45E-08	2.80E-03	1.66E-06	-1.68E-04		
Impact assessment	By Resource	Renewable resources	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	1.22E+02	1.49E+01	2.91E+00	2.60E+02	7.40E-01	-8.46E+01	
			Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	4.27E+02	0	0	1.02E+02	0	-8.69E+02	
	to Atmosphere	Global Warming (CO ₂ equivalent)	kg	3.69E+02	4.01E+01	9.78E+00	6.69E+02	2.69E+00	-2.79E+02		
		Acidification (SO ₂ equivalent)	kg	5.51E-01	4.79E-02	2.48E-02	9.23E-01	2.50E-02	-4.88E-01		
		Ozone Depletion (CFC-11 equivalent)	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		Photochemical Oxidant	kg	2.72E-02	1.46E-03	1.70E-03	3.46E-02	1.27E-03	-2.47E-02		
	Eutrophication (Phosphate equivalent)	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0			

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

I. Stage related

A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

(1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

(2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.

- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).
- D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).
- E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse.
 - Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.
 - Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

II. Inventory analyses

- A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
- B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
- C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

III Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO₂ in case of "Global Warming").

- A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.
- B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

IV Data entry format

- A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.
- B. Indicate "0" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.
- C. Indicate " — " if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".
(BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

[Notes for readers: Target product specific]

1. We include package and attached articles, such as CD-ROM, operation manual in the product weight. Toner container as standard is included in the use stage, not in the product weight.
2. Production stage: Environmental impacts on main product, toner supplied with and drum are included in this stage. Production of main product is included as China production. Toner and drum are included as Japan production.
3. Transportation stage: Marine transport distance of a main product is 2,600km and domestic transport distance based on PCR provisions is 100km.
4. Use stage: Based on PCR provision, impact on 480,000 sheets monochrome printing and 480,000 sheets color printing by user for five years is considered.
5. Disposal/Recycle: We have calculated on the basis of a performance-based recycle scenario.

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

Product data sheet

(Input data and parameters for LCA)



Document control no.	F-03s-02
Product vendor	KYOCERA Document Solutions Inc.
EcoLEAF registration no.	AD-16-E769

PCR name	EP & IP Printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)	Product type	TASKalfa 356ci				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1 Unit	Product weight (kg)	50.07	Package (kg)	14.02	Weight total (kg)	64.09

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

Product	Breakdown of primary materials				Math breakdown of parts, which need to apply Processing / Assembly Base Units (Parts B, C)			
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	Carbon steel(kg)	2.07E+01	Paper (kg)	1.34E+01	Press molding:Iron (kg)	2.11E+01	Parts assembly (kg)	6.37E+01
	SUS (kg)	3.77E-01	Assembled circuit board (kg)	4.05E+00	Press molding:Nonferrous metal (kg)	1.76E+00		
	Cu (kg)	1.40E+00	Medium-sized motor (kg)	2.09E+00	Injection molding (kg)	2.00E+01		
	Al (kg)	7.21E-01			Blow molding (kg)	7.61E-02		
	Glass (kg)	1.23E+00			Glass molding (kg)	1.23E+00		
	Thermoplastics resin (kg)	2.00E+01						
	thermosetting resin (kg)	7.61E-02						
	Rubber (kg)	3.89E-02						
	Subtotal	4.46E+01	Subtotal	1.95E+01				
	Total			6.41E+01	Subtotal	4.42E+01	Subtotal	6.37E+01

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

Consumption	Energy		Material						
	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Industrial water (kg)	Heavy oil as fuel (kg)	Gasoline as fuel (kg)				
Quantity	2.89E+01		1.82E+02	2.60E-01	2.99E-03				
Note									
Emission/Discharge	Water system		Atmosphere						
	Distribution	BOD	CH4						
Quantity	2.26E-03		2.75E-03						
Note									

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

Distribution	Diesel truck:10 ton (kg·km)		Diesel truck:10 ton (kg·km)		Diesel truck:10 ton (kg·km)		Diesel truck:10 ton (kg·km)		Freight by ship (kg·km)		Freight by ship (kg·km)		Freight by ship (kg·km)		Freight by ship (kg·km)		
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	
Quantity	6.41E+01		1.00E+02	8.08E+01	7.93E+03	6.41E+01		2.60E+03	1.00E+02	1.67E+05							
Note																	

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

Product	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Industrial water (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Blow molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Diesel truck:2 ton (kg·km)	Press molding:Iron (kg)	Press molding:Nonferrous metal (kg)
Quantity	9.02E+02		2.20E+02	2.63E+01	1.23E-01	7.23E+01	1.45E+04	7.22E+00	4.43E-01
Note									
Product	Classification	Process	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Glass molding (kg)	Carbon steel(kg)	SUS (kg)	Cu (kg)	Al (kg)	Glass (kg)	Thermoplastics resin (kg)	thermosetting resin (kg)
Quantity	5.12E-02		8.73E+00	2.50E-01	7.85E-02	8.98E-01	5.12E-02	7.07E+01	1.23E-01
Note									
Product	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption				
	Distribution	Rubber(kg)	Paper (kg)	Assembled circuit board (kg)	Medium-sized motor (kg)				
Quantity	3.28E-02		3.76E+01	5.07E-01	3.53E-03				
Note									

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

Consumables	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
	Distribution	Recycle to copper plate (kg)	Recycle to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Recycle to corrugated cardboard (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Recycle to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle to Glass (kg)	Carbon steel(kg)
Quantity	5.89E-01		2.63E+01	3.76E+01	7.44E+01	8.98E+00	8.98E-01	5.12E-02	8.73E+00
Note									
Consumables	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction		
	Distribution	SUS (kg)	Cu (kg)	Al (kg)	Glass (kg)	Thermoplastics resin (kg)	Paper (kg)		
Quantity	2.50E-01		5.89E-01	8.98E-01	5.12E-02	2.63E+01	3.76E+01		
Note									

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

Scenario	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Diesel truck:10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck:2 ton (kg·km)	Electricity (kWh)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Recycle to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle to copper plate (kg)	Recycle to Aluminum plate (kg)
Quantity	3.17E+03		1.04E+04	6.00E-01	2.61E-01	6.40E+01	2.11E+01	7.53E+00	7.21E-01
Note									
Scenario	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
	Distribution	Recycle to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Recycle to corrugated cardboard (kg)	Recycle to Glass (kg)	Carbon steel(kg)	SUS (kg)	Cu (kg)	Al (kg)	Glass (kg)
Quantity	2.00E+01		1.34E+01	1.23E+00	2.07E+01	3.77E-01	7.53E+00	7.21E-01	1.23E+00
Note									
Scenario	Classification	Deduction	Deduction						
	Distribution	Thermoplastics resin (kg)	Paper (kg)						
Quantity	2.00E+01		1.34E+01						
Note									

Note

6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan