Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



No. AD-15-E615 Date of publication Jun./3/2015

EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)





Environment Contact: RICOH Company, Ltd. Corporate Communication Center email: envinfo@ricoh.co.jp

3.Print Speed: 31 prints/minute (Letter) 4.Maximum Paper Size: 8.5" x 14" 5.Included Units in Assessment: Single Pass Duplex Feeder, Automatic Duplexing Unit

2.Color: Monochrome

The warming load of the Use stage is based on the supposition that the product prints 558,000 images for five years.

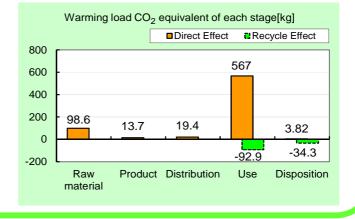
LANIER SP 3610SF

1.Printing Process: Electrophotographic (EP) Printing

Consumption and discharge in a	All the stage sum
life cycle	totals
Global Warming (CO ₂	703kg
equivalent)	(575kg)
Acidification (SO ₂	1.25kg
equivalent)	(1.02kg)
Energy resources (crude oil	13.7GJ
equivalent)	(10.5GJ)

 $\%\mbox{Figures}$ in () indicated environmental impact including recycle effect *note3





Notes:

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

[Supplemental environmental information]

- · Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.
- •This product and its main components such as photoreceptor and toner are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of reprentative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Shozo Nakamuta *

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

^{*} In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02B-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-15-E615

Unit Function DB version Characterization Factor DB version

v2.1	
v2.1	

	PCR name			EP an	d IJ pri	nter	Product type		LANIER SP 3610SF			
	P	CR ID		AD-04		Product weight (kg)	19.0	Package (kg)	4.1	Weight total (kg)	23.1	
				Life Cycle Stage	Unit		uction	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle effect	
In/Ou	ut items					Raw material	Product			·	,	
Ener	ray Con	sumption			MJ	1.98E+03	2.55E+02	2.68E+02	1.12E+04	4.57E+00	-3.17E+03	
					Mcal	4.73E+02	6.09E+01	6.41E+01	2.67E+03	1.09E+00	-7.58E+02	
				Coal	kg	1.07E+01	1.74E+00	1.74E-01	4.33E+01	2.25E-02	-1.52E+01	
		Energ	v 🗀	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	1.94E+01	1.97E+00	5.54E+00	1.11E+02	5.82E-02	-1.89E+01	
				LNG	kg	3.37E+00	9.13E-01	1.67E-01	2.46E+01	1.19E-02	-1.89E+00	
				anium content of an ore	kg	3.08E-04	1.18E-04	1.14E-05	2.15E-03	1.52E-06	1.05E-05	
			_	ude oil (for material)	kg	1.04E+01	0	0	4.01E+01	0	-3.87E+01	
			_	on content of an ore	kg	5.58E+00	0	0	9.24E+00	0	-1.41E+01	
			_	Cu content of an ore	kg	3.56E-01	0	0	3.78E-02	0	-7.23E-01	
	٠			Al content of an ore	kg	1.04E-01	0	0	1.55E+00	0	-1.59E+00	
	nent	es	_	Ni content of an ore	kg	9.72E-02	0	0	6.15E-02	0	-2.87E-04	
	Sur	Exhaustible	_	Cr content of an ore	kg	1.34E-01	0	0	8.65E-02	0	-5.24E-03	
	Con	resc		In content of an ore	kg	4.52E-02	0	0	5.89E-02	0	-1.23E-02	
	roe o	Mater	al —	b content of an ore	kg	2.93E-02	0	0	3.07E-03	0	-5.88E-02	
	Resource Consumption from the environment		_	on content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	ag ag		_	In content of an ore	kg	2.91E-01	0	0	3.02E-02	0	-5.77E-01	
				u content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	
			<u> </u>	g content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	
				Silica Sand	kg	1.60E+00	0	0	1.77E-01	0	-8.20E-01	
ses				Halite	kg	6.96E+00	0	0	1.16E+01	5.26E-04	-3.12E-01	
y laly:				Limestone	kg	1.68E+00	0	0	4.10E+00	4.39E-02	-2.56E+00	
yar				Natural soda ash	kg	8.15E-02	0	0	6.68E-03	0	-6.02E-02	
inventory analyses		Renewable resources		Wood	kg	6.04E+00	0	0 1.27E+02	7.74E+01	0	0.00E+00	
Inve		resources		Water	kg	6.70E+03	1.35E+03		3.82E+04	1.93E+01	-3.23E+03	
				CO ₂	kg	9.60E+01	1.36E+01	1.87E+01	5.53E+02	3.82E+00	-1.22E+02	
			_	SO _x	kg	6.79E-02	1.03E-02	1.26E-02	3.66E-01	2.04E-03	-1.04E-01	
			_	NO _x N₂O	kg	1.31E-01	8.37E-03	1.00E-01	8.83E-01	5.12E-03	-1.74E-01	
		4- 04	—		kg	9.68E-03	2.92E-04	2.69E-03	5.24E-02	5.74E-06	-2.04E-02	
		to Atmosph	ere	CH₄ CO	kg	8.20E-04	3.15E-04	3.04E-05	5.71E-03	4.08E-06	5.81E-05	
			_	NMVOC	kg	1.40E-02	2.02E-03	2.96E-02	1.46E-01	1.09E-03	3.87E-03	
	arge ent		_	C _x H _v	kg	1.61E-03 4.60E-03	6.17E-04 5.52E-05	5.96E-05	1.12E-02	7.98E-06	1.13E-04 -8.10E-03	
	Emission/Discharge to the environment		_	Dust	kg		4.43E-04	2.76E-03	2.37E-02	3.04E-05	-2.68E-02	
	P. Š.			BOD	kg	1.48E-02 -	4.43E-04	9.19E-03 -	7.24E-02	2.91E-04	-2.08E-02	
	ssio ne e		_	COD	kg	-	-		-	-	-	
	to th	to Water syst		N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		to water syst	5111	P total	kg kg	-	-	-	-	-	-	
				SS	kg kg	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			Ir	nspecified Solid Waste	kg kg	9.95E-01	0	0	1.98E+01	1.84E+00	-4.68E-01	
			JI	Slag	kg kg	3.16E+00	0	0	2.93E+00	0	-4.93E+00	
		to Soil syste	m	Sludge	kg	2.24E-01	0	0	3.33E+00	0	-3.40E+00	
				w level radio-active waste	kg	2.16E-04	8.23E-05	7.95E-06	1.50E-03	1.06E-06	7.37E-06	
	urce	E 1	En	ergy resources (crude oil	kg	3.29E+01	5.15E+00	5.95E+00	1.86E+02	9.95E-02	-3.09E+01	
sessment	by Resource Consumption	Exhaustible resources		equivalent) neral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	2.00E+02	0	0	9.85E+01	0	-2.56E+02	

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

to Atmosphere

Emission scharge t the

Global Warming (CO₂

equivalent)

Acidification (SO₂

equivalent)

- L. Stage related

 A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

 (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

 (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

 B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.

1.37E+01

1.62E-02

1.94E+01

8.28E-02

5.67F+02

9.84E-01

3.82F+00

5.62E-03

-1.27F+02

-2.25E-01

- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).
- D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).

9.86F+01

1.60E-01

kg

kg

E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts

Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.

Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

- II. Inventory analyses
 A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron. aluminum) in the ore.
 B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
 C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

- Ill Impact analyses

 Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO₂ in case of "Global Warming").

 A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.

 B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

IV Data entry format

- V ALE sentral invalidation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

 B. Indicate "O" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

 C. Indicate "-" if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

 (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

Product data sheet

(Input data and parameters for LCA)

	,
Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-15-E615



PCR name	EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID : AD-04)	Product type	LANIER SP 3610SF				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1 product	Product weight (kg)	19.0	Package (kg)	4.1	Weight total (kg)	23.1

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Bro	eakdown of p	rimary materials		Math breakdown of parts, which	h need to apply	Processing / Assembly Base U	nits (Parts B, C)
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	Stainless steel	6.14E-01	Electronic circuit board	1.16E+00	Press molding: Iron (kg)	5.80E+00	Parts assembly (kg)	2.02E+01
	Thermoplastic resin	1.11E+01	Ordinary steel	5.08E+00	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	8.29E-01		
ct	Aluminum	9.86E-02			Injection molding (kg)	1.12E+01		
Product	Glass	6.63E-01			Glass molding (kg)	1.38E+00		
곱	Rubber	7.20E-01						
	Other metals	7.30E-01						
	Paper	2.79E+00						
	Thermosetting resin	1.36E-01						
	Subtotal	1.69E+01	Subtotal	6.24E+00				
		Total		2.31E+01	Subtotal	1.92E+01	Subtotal	2.02E+01

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO_2 , NO_2 equivalent.

5	Classification	Energy	Material	Energy	Material	Energy		
Consumption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Clean water (kg)	Furnace LNG (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³)		
	Quantity	7.22E+00	6.65E+00	2.42E-02	2.48E+01	2.31E-02		
5	Note							
> 0	Classification	Water system						
Emission/ Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)						
	Quantity	3.14E+01						
	Note							

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

	Means of transportation	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
tribution	Quantity	2.31E+01	7.80E+02	4.24E+01	4.26E+04	2.31E+01	1.06E+04	1.00E+02	2.45E+05
ΙĦ	Note								
Distril	Means of transportation	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
	Quantity	2.31E+01	4.99E+03	1.00E+02	1.15E+05	2.31E+01	6.00E+02	4.24E+01	3.28E+04
	Note								

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	Styrene- butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Gold (kg)	Tin (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)
	Quantity	3.88E-01	1.47E+00	6.93E-02	4.97E+00	1.09E-01	1.24E-06	1.43E-04	3.63E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
Product	Distribution	ABS (kg)	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)
	Quantity	9.07E+00	9.57E-03	2.61E-01	6.03E+00	1.68E+00	1.73E+00	1.29E+01	9.36E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Polystyrene (kg)	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Assembled circuit board (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)
	Quantity	7.44E+00	2.56E-02	9.43E-03	2.54E+00	3.51E-02	4.14E+00	4.65E+00	9.18E+00
	Note								

	Classification	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Energy	Energy	Condition
	Distribution	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Injection molding (kg)	Glass molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace LNG (kg)	Freight by ship (kg·km)
	Quantity	1.58E+00	2.90E+04	3.16E+01	5.04E+00	4.74E+01	4.63E+01	2.22E+00	4.27E+05
	Note								
	Classification	Energy	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition
Product	Distribution	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m³)	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline (kg)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)
	Quantity	2.12E+00	3.47E+02	2.93E+00	2.36E+05	4.59E+04	5.96E+04	5.02E+05	2.36E+05
	Note								
	Classification	Condition							
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)							
	Quantity	4.59E+04							
	Note								

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
	Quantity	1.02E+01	3.63E+01	3.52E+03	4.85E+01	4.84E+01	3.96E+01	3.81E+01	6.93E-02
	Note								
səlc	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
Consumables	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)
	Quantity	8.81E+00	1.41E+00	1.37E-01	2.79E+01	6.79E-02	8.81E+00	1.41E+00	1.37E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Process						
	Distribution	Polystyrene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)						
	Quantity	2.79E+01	3.88E+04						
	Note			•		•			

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

Scenario	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)
	Quantity	1.44E+00	2.05E+01	1.75E-01	2.57E+00	1.64E+04	2.48E+02	9.00E-01	1.87E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
	Distribution	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)
	Quantity	1.39E+01	1.31E+01	6.63E-01	4.81E+00	9.20E-02	2.26E+00	1.10E+01	6.50E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction				
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)				
	Quantity	4.81E+00	9.20E-02	2.26E+00	1.01E+01				
	Note								•

Note

6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.